# Describing a Regional Emission Reduction Target

Regional Targets Advisory Committee
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# SB 375 Requires ARB to Set:

'greenhouse gas emission reduction targets for the automobile and light truck sector for 2020 and 2035'

Government Code § 65080 (b)(2)(A)

# Building an Emission Reduction Target

Uniform Statewide	or	MPO-specific
Absolute	or	Relative
Reduction from Current Year Conditions	or	Reduction from Future Year Conditions

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# Uniform Statewide or MPO-Specific?

Should each MPO get the same target statewide, or should the targets vary by MPO?

## **Uniform Statewide Target**

#### Example 1:

By 2035, **each MPO** region shall reduce emissions below today's levels by **2 MMT** 

- This ignores regional differences in at least two ways:
  - -Starting point (existing emissions)
  - -Projected growth rates

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## **Uniform Statewide Target**

#### Example 2:

By 2035, **each MPO** region shall reduce emissions below <u>today's levels</u> by **20%** 

- Accommodates different starting points
- Current year versus future year problem
  - A uniform 20% reduction from today is effectively a ton target specific to each MPO

## **MPO-Specific Target**

#### Example 3:

By 2035, the **SACOG** region shall reduce emissions below today's levels by **3 MMT**; the **BUTTE** region shall reduce by **0.2 MMT**; etc.

- Provides customized targets that reflect regional differences
- Absolute versus relative problem
  - Setting an absolute ton target may limit or ease an MPO's ability to meet target (see next 2 slides)

### Absolute or Relative?

Should a target be expressed as an absolute reduction or a relative reduction?

### **Absolute Reduction Target**

#### Example 4:

By 2035, the SACOG region shall reduce emissions below today's levels by **3 MMT**; the Butte region shall reduce by **0.2 MMT**; etc.

- Provides a fixed ton reduction target for a specific year regardless of changes in key factors, like population in 2035
- May limit or ease the MPO's ability to meet the target depending on how key factors change

## Relative Reduction Target

#### Example 5:

By 2035, the SANDAG region shall reduce emissions by **25**% below 2035 business-as-usual levels

- Allows the actual tons reduced to adjust automatically as key factors (e.g. population projections) change over time
- Current year versus future year problem
   -25% below today's levels is effectively an absolute ton reduction target

# Relative Reduction Target

#### Example 6:

By 2035, the Shasta region shall reduce **per** capita emissions by 15% below today's levels

- Also allows changes in key factors over time
- Per unit metric creates fewest problems when combined with other choices

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# If it's a Relative Target...

What unit should be used...

per household?

per driver?

per capita?

#### Per Household

#### Example 7:

By 2035, the SACOG region shall reduce **per household** emissions by 25% below today's levels

- Relies on readily available data
- Requires key assumptions about household characteristics that make regional comparisons difficult, such as:
  - number of households
  - number of people and drivers per household
  - ages, activities, travel modes, etc.

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### Per Driver

#### Example 8:

By 2035, the SACOG region shall reduce **per driver** emissions by 25% below today's levels

- Relies on data that may be available, but is not widely used
- Easily comparable across regions
- Ties directly to individual travel behavior

# Per Capita

#### Example 9:

By 2035, the SACOG region shall reduce **per** capita emissions by 25% below today's levels

- Relies on readily available and widely used data that is comparable across regions
- Requires assumption about the ratio between drivers versus non-drivers

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# Current Year or Future Year Comparison?

Should emission reductions be compared against current practice today or current practice projected into the future?

### **Current Year Conditions**

#### Example 10:

By 2035, the AMBAG region shall reduce per capita emissions by 15% below **today's levels** 

- Requires emission reductions achieved by 2035 to be compared to today's emissions
- Developed based on what is on the ground today in terms of transportation infrastructure, land use, etc.

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#### **Future Year Conditions**

#### Example 11:

By 2035, the AMBAG region shall reduce emissions by 15% below **2035 businessas-usual levels** 

- Requires emission reductions achieved by 2035 with SB 375 strategies to be compared to emissions in 2035 without SB 375 strategies
- Developed based on assumptions about what 2035 would look like without SB 375

So what are some choices?

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# Three Key Decisions

Uniform Statewide	or	MPO-specific
Absolute (ton)	or	Relative (%, per unit)
Reduction from Current Year Conditions	or	Reduction from Future Year Conditions

# Considerations for RTAC Discussion

- Many combinations possible
- The presentation examples explore two initial staff preferences:
  - Current year conditions for comparison
  - Relative: reduction in per capita emissions
- Suggested metrics from this meeting will be applied to actual MPO scenarios for continued discussion at May RTAC meeting

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#### **Initial Staff Preferences**

#### Example:

By 2035, the MPO region shall reduce **per** capita emissions by X% below today's levels

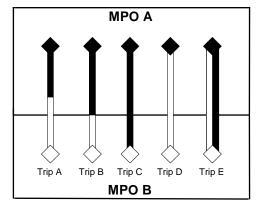
- Per person metrics are easily understood, readily available, widely used, and generally comparable across regions
- What is on the ground today is more certain than what will be tomorrow

# Interregional Travel

How should interregional trips be accounted for?

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# Interregional Travel



Shading corresponds to the portion of the trip included in the MPO target.